PD233: Design of Biomedical Devices and Systems

(Lecture-16)

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Course Website:

http://cpdm.iisc.ac.in/utsaah/courses/

- Digital Healthcare
- NDHB
- Ayushman Bharat
 - PM-JAY
 - Wellness Centres

Digital Health

Digital health is the application of **software or hardware**, often using mobile smartphone or sensor technologies to **improve patient or population health and health care delivery**.

Web-based analysis

Electronics Health Records Clinical Decision Support Systems Electronic Prescribing Systems

E-mail

Mobile phones and applications

Text messages

Wearable devices

Clinic or remote monitoring sensors

Telemedicine

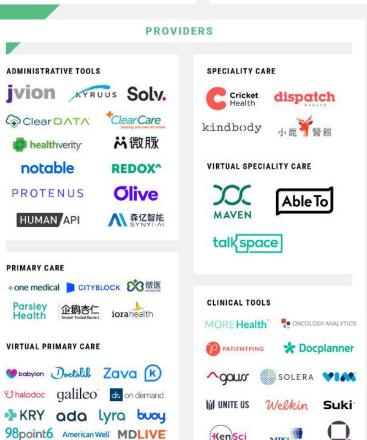
Connected Healthcare

















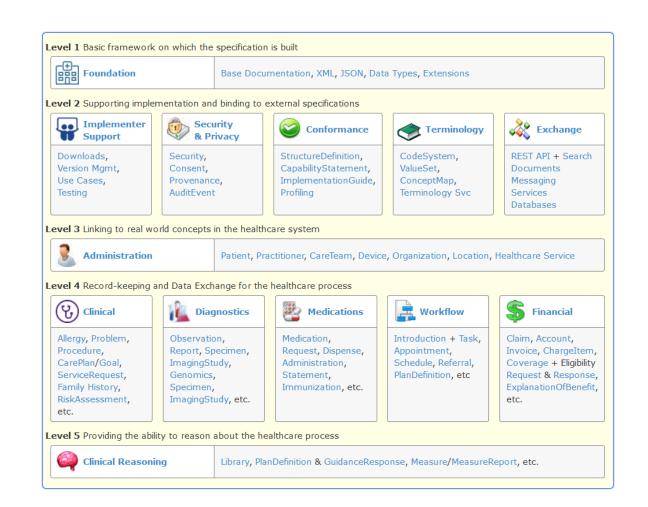
Challenges in Digital Healthcare

- Technology acceptance by healthcare professionals
- Interoperability and Portability
- Privacy
- Cyber-Security
- Largescale Data Handling & Analysis

Interoperability and Portability

- DICOM ⁽¹⁾ Digital Imaging and Communication is Medicine Standard
 - Started in 1980s for easy exchange of medical images
- HL7- FIHR (2)
 - Build on web-standard technologies (XML,JSON etc.)

FIHR – Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources



FHIR Patient Record Example

```
<Patient xmlns="http://hl7.org/fhir">
 <id value="glossy"/>
                                                                           Resource
 <meta>
                                                                           Identity &
   <lastUpdated value="2014-11-13T11:41:00+11:00"/>
                                                                           Metadata
 </meta>
 <text>
   <status value="generated"/>
                                                                           Human
   <div xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
                                                                           Readable
     Henry Levin the 7th
                                                                          Summary
     MRN: 123456. Male, 24-Sept 1932
   </div>
 <extension url="http://example.org/StructureDefinition/trials">
                                                                           Extension
   <valueCode value="renal"/>
                                                                           with URL to
 </extension>
                                                                           definition
 <identifier>
   <use value="usual"/>
                                                                          Standard
   <type>
     <coding>
                                                                          Data:
       <system value="http://hl7.org/fhir/v2/0203"/>
                                                                          MRN
       <code value="MR"/>
                                                                           Name
     </coding>
                                                                           Gender

    Birth Date

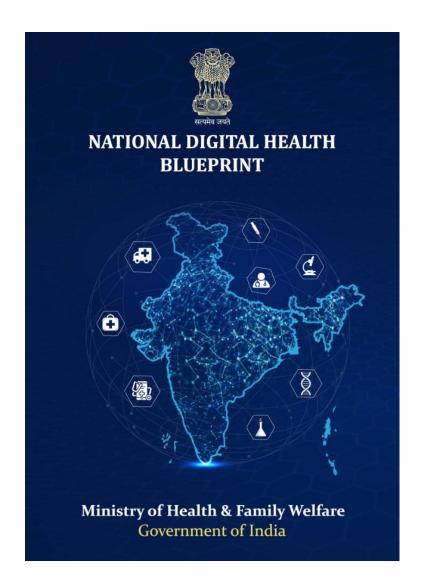
   <system value="http://www.goodhealth.org/identifiers/mrn"/>
                                                                           Provider
   <value value="123456"/>
  </identifier>
 <active value="true"/>
 <name>
   <family value="Levin"/>
   <given value="Henry"/>
   <suffix value="The 7th"/>
 </name>
 <gender value="male"/>
 <birthDate value="1932-09-24"/>
 <careProvider>
   <reference value="Organization/2"/>
   <display value="Good Health Clinic"/>
 </careProvider>
</Patient>
```

Privacy and Cyber-Security

National Digital Health Blueprint

- Final Version Release on 9th Nov 2019
- Framework created to allow implementation of National Health Stack proposed by NITI Aayog

Eco-system not a system

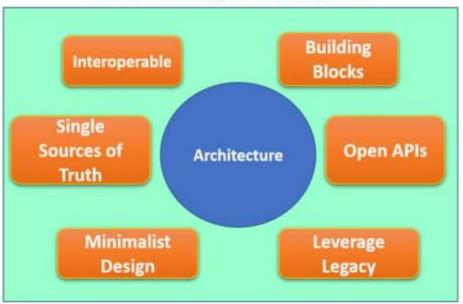


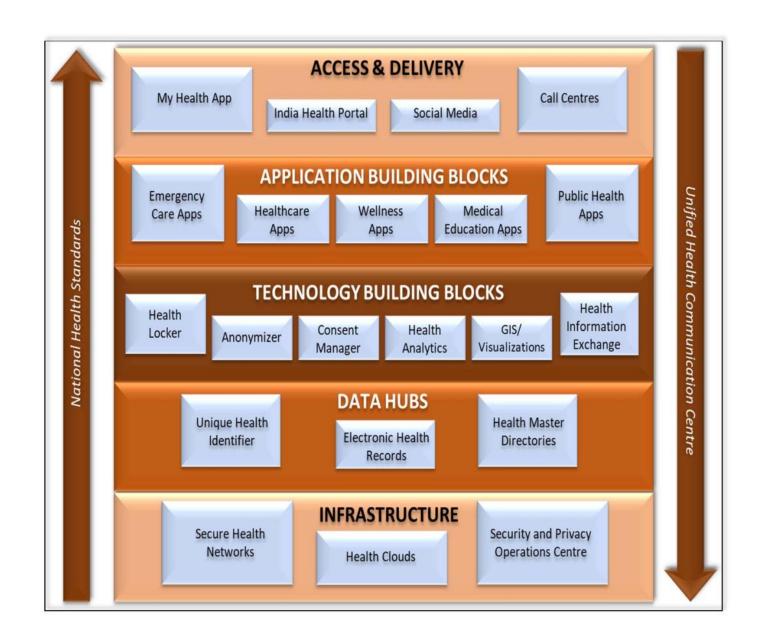
Principles of NDHM

Domain Principles

Technology Principles







Building Blocks of NDHB

Recommended Standards by NDHB

Consent Management

Purpose	Recommended Standard		
Consent Management	ISO/TS 17975:2015 Health Informatics - Principles and data requirements for consent in the collection, Use or Disclosure of personal health information		
Consent Framework	Electronic Consent Framework (Technology Specifications v1.1) with its subsequent revision(s) published by MeitY.		

Content and Interoperability

- Technical interoperability
- Semantic and syntactic interoperability

Content and Interoperability Standards

Purpose	Recommended Standard		
Structured Clinical Information Exchange	FHIR Release 4 (subject to section 3.4.2) (with any future errata(s))		
Still Images / Documents Audio / Video	Still Image: JPEG Document/ Scan: PDF A-2 Audio: MP3 / OGG Video: MP4 / MOV (embedded as binary content in relevant FHIR resource)		
Diagnostic Images (Radiology including CT, MRI, PET, Nuclear Medicine / US / Pathology), Waveforms (e.g. ECG)	DICOM PS3.0-2015c (embedded as binary content in relevant FHIR resource)		
Terminology/ Vocabulary	SNOMED CT (for all clinical terminology requirements in health records)		
Coding System	WHO ICD-10 (for statistical classification of diseases and related health problems) LOINC (for observation, measurement, test-panels, test items and units)		

Recommended Standards by NDHB

Privacy and Security

Purpose	Recommended Standards
Security	Digital Certificate, TLS / SSL, SHA-256, AES-256
Access Control	ISO 22600:2014 Health informatics - Privilege Management and Access Control (Part 1 through 3)

Additional requirements

Immutability	Record once created cannot be deleted or modified without follow due process.	
Versioning	Any record created may be 'amended' with new version numbe same records with any changes (previous records to be mar inactive) with only highest version considered active.	
Non-Repudiation	All created records must be traceable to its creator unambiguously	
Audit Log	All creation, amendments, access of records should be audit logge manner that it is verifiable and reliable	
Patient Control	Patient should be able to access/view own health records anyt and control access by others.	

EHR Standards for India 2016 should be incorporated.

Recommended Standards by NDHB

- Patient Safety and Data Quality
- Quality in healthcare services and safety of electrical-medical equipment are of utmost importance in the NDHB.
- Electrical-medical equipment used in the NDHE should be safe for the patient and para-medical personnel and against safety hazards like electric shock, harmful radiation, excessive temperature, implosion, mechanical instability and fire.
- Bureau of Indian Standard has published 38 standards in this area. These standards are either an adoption or technical equivalent of the related IEC standard. The work on some additional standards is ongoing in IEC/TC 62.

NDHB Action Plan:

Year 1 (Planning & stabilizing NDHM)	Year 2 (Pre-requisite infrastructure)	Year 3 (Execution)	Year 4 (Analytics & Innovation)	Year 5 (Sustenance & Research)
 Approval of National Digital Health Mission (NDHM) and its operationalization. Design and development of federated enterprise architecture, adopting Agile IndEA Framework. Design of core building blocks of NDHB (to be identified) and defining the standard interfaces Assessment of legacy systems for conformity with NDHB. Design and notification of NDHM Security & Privacy Policies Design and development of consent management framework 	 Designing and establishing Unique Health Identifier(UHID), directories of health professionals & health institutions Design and implement federated health cloud & secure network infrastructure. Enhancing of legacy systems to conform to NDHB Principles, and interoperable Implementation of a plan for adoption of health informatics standards including Electronic Health Record (EHR) for citizen with family folders 	 Establishing Health Information Exchange (HIE) Design, develop and launch Common Applications Establish health app store Design and implement it building plan Establish the repository of standards, API's, metadata and data dictionaries 	 Implementation of artificial intelligence enabled clinical decision support systems Designing and developing health analytics platform Design and develop anonymization methodology for health data analytics Establish Security and Privacy Operations Centre (SOC), Network Operations Centre (POC) Design and notification of Framework for value-added services 	 Ensuring continuum of care Continued Research Sustenance of operations